- I. Educ 583 Primary Education: Development, Methods, Curriculum & Assessment (Ages six through eight)
- II. Academic Credit: 3 graduate credit hours

# **III.** Course Description:

Emphasis on linguistic, physical, social, cognitive, moral, emotional, aesthetic development of children ages six through eight; developmentally appropriate methodology, curriculum, and assessment; family partnerships; advocacy; professionalism; resources for families of children from age six to eight.

### **REQUIRED TEXTS:**

Copple, C and Bredekamp, S, editors. Developmentally Appropriate Practice in Early Childhood Programs. Third Edition. NAEYC (2009)

Seefeldt, Carol, editor. The Early Childhood Curriculum: Current Findings in Theory and Practice. Third edition. Teachers College Press

Miller, Debbie. Teaching with Intention: Defining Beliefs, Aligning Practice, Taking Action. Stenhouse Publishers

### IV. Place of Course in the Curriculum

Educ 583 is a required course for both the Early Childhood Education Endorsement and the Master's in Education, Early Childhood Education.

# V. Goals and Objectives

Goal:

To provide educators with the knowledge, skills, and dispositions (essential professional tools) needed to create and sustain a developmentally appropriate primary (ages six through eight) early childhood education program. Objectives:

- 1. Identify and promote the patterns of normal linguistic, physical, social, cognitive, moral, emotional, and aesthetic development that are observed between ages six and eight.
- 2. Identify how qualities in parent/caregiver/teacher relationships affect the child's brain development, current and future behavior.
- 3. Design, implement, and evaluate experiences that promote positive development and learning for all children (including a broad range of abilities and cultural backgrounds), based on an understanding of developmentally effective approaches to teaching and learning.
- 4. Know the essential concepts, inquiry tools, and structure of content areas and identify resources to deepen understanding.
- 5. Use systematic, on-going observation, documentation, and other assessment strategies, in partnership with families and other professionals, to positively influence children's development and learning.

- 6. Recognize the necessary components of developmentally appropriate indoor and outdoor environments for children ages six through eight.
- 7. Develop appropriate curriculum, plans, routines, and schedules for a primary program.
- 8. Articulate the major components of a developmentally appropriate curriculum for children between the ages of six and eight.
- 9. Observe, analyze, and critique a primary early childhood setting, proposing appropriate modifications based on current research and theory.
- 10. Demonstrate knowledge and dispositions in creating respectful, reciprocal relationships that support and empower families, and to involve all families in their children's development and learning.
- 11. Grow as a professional, utilizing professional standards and ethical guidelines.
- 12. Advocate for sound educational practices and policies.

#### VI. Content

- A. Historical influences relating to the care, teaching, and assessment of primary children
- B. Understanding and applying current theory in the care and teaching of primary children
- C. Language and literacy development
- D. Physical and motor development
- E. Social development
- F. Cognitive development
- G. Moral development
- H. Emotional development
- I. Aesthetic development
- J. Relationship-based community of learners; creating a caring community of learners
- K. Developmentally appropriate teaching methodology, include project learning (Reggio Emilia influenced), literacy work stations, the importance of play, shared reading, and guided reading
- L. Developmentally appropriate curriculum (goals, standards, coherence, integration, implementation within the aesthetic, affective, cognitive, language, physical, and social domains)
  - 1. Physical development
  - 2. Language and literacy (including the language arts, motivation, phonemic awareness, phonics, writing, word and print knowledge, and comprehension)
  - 3. Mathematics
  - 4. Science
  - 5. Technology
  - 6. Social competence; social studies
  - 7. Creative arts (creative/aesthetic development, visual arts, music and movement, etc.)
- M. Learning environments (play, interaction, student self-direction, centers, space, materials/storage)

- N. Guidance in fostering self-discipline, initiative, cooperation, problem-solving, and other prosocial behaviors
- O. Structure for the classroom (physical environment, schedule, routines, behavioral expectations)
- P. Health, safety
- Q. Supportive relationships and communication with families of children ages six through eight
- R. Inclusion of children ages six through eight with disabilities in quality programs, including modifications in the indoor and outdoor learning environments
- S. Strategic, systematic, and purposeful assessment of primary development/learning and suggested appropriate modifications based on assessment data
- T. Evaluating quality in primary programs and suggested appropriate modifications
- U. Resources for teachers and parents, including special services

## VII. Methodology

- 1. Online discussion (small and large group)
- 2. Professional observation during classroom visits
- 3. Technology (PowerPoint, webcam, Blackboard)
- 4. Videos and DVDs
- 5. Learning modules
- 6. Case studies
- 7. Field-based experience

### **VIII. Evaluation**

Evaluation will be based upon the successful completion of student roles as determined by the instructor.

## IX. Student Roles

- 1. Complete assigned readings.
- 2. Participate in small and large group discussions.
- 3. Observe and evaluate a primary program (ages six through eight); compose a critical analysis of the site and program in light of current theory and research and propose modifications.
- 4. Articulate the essential components of an exemplary primary program.
- 5. Complete other assignments (such as a project) made by the instructor.

### X. Representative Bibliography

Avery, C. (1993). And with a Light Touch: Learning about Reading, Writing, and Teaching with First Graders. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.

Calkins, L., Hartman, A., & White, Z. (2005). One to One: The Art of Conferring with Young Writers. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.

- Chard, S. (1994, 1998). The Project Approach: Making Curriculum Come Alive. (Book one). New York: Scholastic Inc.
- Chard, S. (1994, 1998). The Project Approach: Managing Successful Projects. (Book two). New York: Scholastic Inc.
- Diller, D. (2003). Literacy Work Stations: Making Centers Work. Portland, Maine: Stenhouse Publishers.
- Ellery, V. (2005). Creating Strategic Readers: Techniques for Developing Competency in Phonemic Awareness, Phonics, Fluency, Vocabulary, and Comprehension. Newark, DE: International Reading Association.
- Fountas, I., & Pinnell, G. (1996). Guided Reading: Good First Teaching for All Children. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
- McCarrier, A., Pinnell, G., & Fountas, I. (2000). Interactive Writing: How Language & Literacy Come Together, K-2. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
- Mere, C. (2005). More than Guided Reading. Portland, Maine: Stenhouse Publishers.
- Miller, D. (2002). Reading with Meaning: Teaching Comprehension in the Primary Grades. Portland, Maine: Stenhouse Publishers.
- Owocki, G. (2003). Comprehension: Strategic Instruction for K-3 Students. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
- Owocki, G. (2005). Time for Literacy Centers: How to Organize and Differentiate Instruction. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
- Robb, L. (2003). Literacy Links: Practical Strategies to Develop the Emergent Literacy At-Risk Children Need. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
- Schulman, M., & Payne C. (2000). Guided Reading: Making It Work. New York: Scholastic Inc.
- Spandel, V. (2008). Creative Young Writers: Using the Six Traits to Enrich Writing Process in Primary Classrooms. (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.). Boston, MA: Pearson Education, Inc.
- Taberski, S. (2000). On Solid Ground: Stratagies for Teaching Reading K-3. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
- Wien, C. (2008). Emergent Curriculum in the Primary Classroom: Interpreting the Reggio Emilia Approach in Schools. Washington, DC: Teachers College Press.
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