Portfolio Self-Assessment Graduate School of Education - Concordia University Nebraska

Student Name	Cohort/Location	Date	
License Area			

DIRECTIONS:

Please check (\boxtimes) the level of performance which in your judgment best describes your knowledge, skills and attitudes (dispositions) for the designated standards. *Refer to the product descriptions suggested as representative evidence for each rating level.*

PERFORMANCE CATEGORIES PERFORMANCE LEVELS Adapted from the INTASC Standards for Teacher Development and Minimal Basic Proficient Advanced Licensure 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Standard 1 Subject Matter Competency Standard 2 П Student Growth & Development Standard 3 Knowledge of Diverse Learners Standard 4 **Instructional Strategies** Standard 5 Classroom Management Standard 6 Communication Techniques / Technology Standard 7 **Instructional Planning** Standard 8 П **Assessment Strategies** Standard 9 П Reflective Practitioner Standard 10 Positive Relationships Standard 11 Character/Faith Development

Personal Philosophy of Education Statement Included Yes No Professional Vita Included Yes No

PRODUCT DESCRIPTIONS for the PORTFOLIO ASSESSMENT FORM

<u>Subject Matter Competency</u>: The teacher understands the central concepts, tools of inquiry, and structures of the discipline he/she teaches and can create learning experiences that make these aspects of the subject matter meaningful for the students.

Minimal: Contains few, if any, artifacts demonstrating content knowledge; purported

knowledge is incorrect, faulty, or erroneous; no evidence of content knowledge

from outside of licensed or emphasis area(s).

Basic: Includes three to four items evidencing content knowledge in licensed area;

knowledge exhibited is sound and essential to the field although rudimentary or basic in its scope; minimal indication of content knowledge from outside of

licensed or emphasis area(s).

Proficient: Incorporates five to six fine examples of content knowledge in licensed area;

exhibited knowledge demonstrates major tenets of the field; several evidences of

content knowledge from outside of licensed or emphasis area(s).

Advanced: Showcases exemplary mastery of content knowledge in multiple forms;

communicates the breadth and depth of the central concepts, facts, and tools of inquiry for their areas of teaching; impressive delineation of content knowledge,

skills, and attributes from outside of licensed or emphasis area(s).

<u>Student Growth and Development</u>: The teacher understands how children learn and develop, and can provide learning opportunities that support their intellectual, social, and personal development.

Minimal: Contains little or no documentation; displays a disregard or unawareness for the

cognitive, physical, emotional, social, and spiritual development of students; application of pedagogical theory toward effective instruction apparently not

understood or appreciated.

Basic: Section contains a few basic items; communicates clear understanding in two or

three of the areas of student development (cognitive, physical, emotional, social, and spiritual); understanding of child development seems adequate, but its full

potential for the classroom has not been realized.

Proficient: Includes several items that clearly reflect this competency; most or all of the areas

of student development (cognitive, physical, emotional, social, and spiritual) are

represented; demonstrates sound understanding of developmental theory.

Advanced: Noteworthy collection of artifacts communicates a thorough understanding of

cognitive, physical, emotional, social, and spiritual development; articulates tenets of developmental theory and illustrates practitioner's ability to apply it in practice

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<u>Knowledge of Diverse Learners</u>: The teacher understands how students differ in approaches to learning and creates instructional opportunities that are adapted to diverse learners.

Minimal: Contains few, if any, appropriate artifacts; communicates a disinterest and

insensitivity to pupils' personal lifestyles, value systems, and/or learning profiles.

Basic: Includes some basic attempts at recognizing student diversity; recognizes pupils'

needs and interests, but tends to be formal and impersonal; lacks creativity and

depth.

Proficient: Incorporates several, relevant artifacts representing a wide range of application;

demonstrates apparent knowledge of diverse learners.

Advanced: Presents numerous, novel examples of accommodations for diverse learners;

highlights personal skill and innovation with instructional approaches; articulates a knowledge of and sensitivity toward stereotypes, injustice, and discrimination.

<u>Instructional Strategies</u>: The teacher understands and uses a variety of instructional strategies to encourage students' development of critical thinking, problem solving, and performance skills.

Minimal: Information centers around one instructional strategy and fails to include a variety;

communicates a disinterest or confusion in the development of critical thinking, problem solving, and performance skills; aimless, disoriented, and repetitive.

Basic: Artifacts display a few instructional strategies although little diversity in

approaches is shown; communicates baseline awareness of critical thinking, problem solving, and performance skills; lacks clarity, direction, and development.

Proficient: Section includes several strategies that fit sequence of instruction well and

demonstrate good variety; clear awareness of critical thinking, problem solving, and performance skills; sound understanding although some goals and objectives

are only implied.

Advanced: Extensive range of instructional strategies complements the goals and objectives of

teaching; considerable attention devoted to critical thinking, problem solving, and

performance skills; goals and objectives clearly communicated.

<u>Classroom Management</u>: The teacher uses an understanding of individual and group motivation and behavior to create a learning environment that encourages positive social interaction, active engagement in learning, and self-motivation.

Minimal: Contains minimal documentation; displays an incoherent or inconsistent grasp of

human motivation and behavior theory; student needs to address this apparent

deficiency before the professional semester.

Basic: Includes a few items that exhibit a beginning knowledge of human motivation and

behavior theory; tends to over rely on the use of discipline techniques; student needs to significantly build upon this knowledge base before the professional

semester.

Proficient: Incorporates a good variety of artifacts; demonstrates a sound working knowledge

of human motivation and behavior theory; discipline techniques used as a last resort; student will refine ideology throughout the course of the professional

semester.

Advanced: Demonstrates a wide range of appropriate artifacts; communicates a sophisticated

and insightful embodiment of human motivation and behavior theory; anticipates misbehavior and tries alternative techniques for eliminating potentially difficult situations; student should be an effective presence during the professional semester.

<u>Communication Techniques / Technology</u>: The teacher uses knowledge of effective verbal, nonverbal, and media communication techniques to foster active inquiry, collaboration, and supportive interaction in the classroom.

Minimal: Artifacts focus on only one type of communication; student makes no attempt to

foster active inquiry, collaboration, and supportive interaction; makes frequent errors in spelling, writing, pronunciation, and speaking; apparently does not perceive importance of communication or technology as a teaching competency.

Basic: Included pieces focus on one form of communication although a second type is at

least included; student shows an awareness of active inquiry, collaboration, and supportive interaction; hampered by verbiage and lack of examples; non-standard English used occasionally; illustrates a basic awareness of communication and

technology as teaching competencies.

Proficient: Tends to rely on transmitting key ideas verbally although other means used

occasionally; student is skilled in active inquiry, collaboration, and/or supportive instruction; able to speak and write English appropriately; communicates a strong

support of communication and technology as teaching competencies.

Advanced: Artifacts demonstrate ability to convey ideas clearly and succinctly in written

and/or symbolic form; approaches evidence active inquiry, collaboration, and supportive instruction; provides students an outstanding model of oral and written expression; consistently embodies communication as a teaching competency.

<u>Instructional Planning</u>: The teacher plans instruction based upon knowledge of subject matter, students, the community, and curriculum goals.

Minimal: This section contains no pieces, or the artifacts do not fit category; demonstrates no

awareness of the Concordia lesson plan form; planning is vague and without purpose: attention to learner characteristics and curricular goals ignored.

Basic: Items show a baseline proficiency in instructional planning; student includes the

Concordia lesson plan; less thought given to instructional procedures and broader

objectives; procedural emphasis on teacher behavior, not pupil involvement.

Proficient: Good array of artifacts shows solid skill in instructional planning; student utilizes

the Concordia lesson plan effectively; the plans are clear and concise with varied techniques and materials; instructional procedures are designed to include most pupils and shows an awareness of learner characteristics and broader objectives.

Advanced: Exceptional variety of items shows advanced proficiency in instructional planning;

student's plans embody the Concordia model; provisions for individual and/or group differences are evident; broader curriculum goals and techniques for pupil

engagement are clearly incorporated.

<u>Assessment Strategies</u>: The teacher understands and uses formal and informal assessment strategies to evaluate and ensure the continuous intellectual, social, and physical development of the learner.

Minimal: Section contains few, if any, pertinent examples; student fails to perceive any

relationship between the evaluation of pupil progress and instructional procedures; no evidence of multiple forms of assessment designed to measure the intellectual,

social, and physical development of the learner.

Basic: Section includes a few strategies although student makes little use of alternative

evaluation techniques; pupil progress discussed briefly in general terms; includes at least some alternative forms of evaluation to assess the intellectual, social, and

physical developmental theory.

Proficient: Section comprised of several assessment strategies; instruction altered when

warranted; provides systematic feedback to pupils individually and as a group; incorporates multiple means of assessment that include the intellectual, social, and

physical development of the learner.

Advanced: Section highlights multiple forms of assessment; student uses various evaluation

techniques on a continuous basis to determine pupil progress toward general goals and specific objectives; adjusts instructional procedures accordingly; encourages self-evaluation by pupils; embodies intellectual, social, and physical development

through a diverse spectrum of assessment options.

<u>Reflective Practitioner</u>: The teacher is a reflective practitioner who continually evaluates the effects of his/her choices and actions on others (students, parents, and other professionals in the learning community) and who actively seeks out opportunities to grow professionally.

Minimal: No evidence of personal evaluation or personal philosophy of teaching and

learning; appears unable to analyze or to reflect upon personal performance; displays immaturity, egocentrism, and/or an unrealistic self-assessment; may assume personal performance is good although evidence is to the contrary;

Basic: A few examples of personal evaluation are included; talks about quality of personal

performance in general, very vague terms; may either overestimate strengths or underestimate weaknesses; demonstrates some ability to prescribe a personal course of improvement; some indications of a personal philosophy of education.

Proficient: A solid range of examples shows student can describe strengths and weaknesses of

personal performance with good accuracy; continually working on developing and upgrading areas of weakness; solid formation of a personal philosophy of teaching

and learning.

Advanced: A wide range of examples illustrates student is committed to identifying and

improving strengths and weaknesses of personal performance; systematically plans on how weaknesses can be turned into strengths; analyzes and integrates a variety of instructional materials, methods, and techniques to strengthen teaching style;

includes clearly developed personal philosophy of education.

<u>Positive Relationships</u>: The teacher fosters relationships with school colleagues, parents, and agencies in the larger community to support students' learning and well-being.

Minimal: Communicates disinterest or ignorance of importance of social relationships;

appears to be immobile, expressionless, and communicates with a limited number of people; shows no awareness or desire of how to support students' learning and

well-being.

Basic: Indicates general awareness of importance of social relationships; includes baseline

network of contacts, but fails to include full range of stakeholders; communicates

an awareness and desire to support students' learning and well-being.

Proficient: Evidences competency in social relationships; shows solid and varied network of

relationships within the larger community; demonstrates an active effort to support

students' learning and well-being.

Advanced: Demonstrates great proficiency in creating and maintaining social relationships;

articulates full gamut of school, professional, and community related activities; instinctively understands and implements procedures to support student' learning

and well-being.

<u>Character/Faith Development</u>: The teacher models a value system which emphasizes moral and ethical character; the Lutheran teacher integrates faith and learning while modeling Christian mission and service according to the doctrines and teachings of the Lutheran Church-Missouri Synod.

Minimal: Little or no evidence to demonstrate a student of character; illustrates no apparent

value system; [For Lutheran Education students] little, if any, incorporation of

the doctrine and teachings of the Lutheran Church-Missouri Synod.

Basic: Items represent a student who is developing character traits befitting to teachers;

student demonstrates some evidence of growth and shows interest in making moral and ethical choices befitting a professional within a school setting; [For Lutheran

Education students communicates a general awareness of the doctrine and

teachings of the LCMS.

Proficient: Artifacts indicate a student who handles problems independently and with sound

judgment; student demonstrates evidence of strong character; trustworthiness and

dependability; **[For Lutheran Education students]** section includes a solid understanding of the doctrine and teachings of the LCMS.

Advanced:

Elements characterize a student who constantly uses mature judgment in seeking viable solutions to problems and demonstrates ability to handle the whole gamut of professional responsibilities and burdens; student embodies high moral and ethical standards and behavior; role model; [For Lutheran Education students] embodies the doctrine and teachings of the LCMS.